EDUCATIONAL SCENARIO

1. Identification of the educational scenario
1.1 Title of the scenario
"Be you"
<u>1.2 Creator</u>
Name, Surname: Yiota Bouziou e-mail: ybouziou@hotmail.com School/organisation: Public Secondary School, Athens
<u>1.3 Topics or courses involved</u>
Gender inequality, Gender Identity, Citizenship Education, History, Literature, Language.
1.4 Educational level
Primary
Secondary X (lower secondary education) 14-15 years old
Second chance school
Reception class
Other
1.5 Learning outcomes of the scenario
At the end of the scenario, students are expected to have acquired the skills that will enable them to:
- Be aware of key-concepts such as gender inequality and gender identity
 Understand in depth these key-concepts in the social life and history Understand gender and gendered relationships as a main factor in citizenship
-Think critically about the relevance of gender identity in personality development and
in the relationships we establish with others and the world; - Understand how they can deal with issues of healthy expressions of femininity and masculinity
 Improve their skills of establishing and maintaining a healthy and balanced relationship with ourselves and the others;
- Respect the singularity of different people.
<u>1.6 Time-duration</u>
Class time: 3 hours
Outdoor preparation: 1 hour
How many hours to be used in total: 4 hours

2. Development of the educational scenario

2.1 General description

1. Warm up

1a. Challenge students to think and note down

1b. and discuss **"gender identity"**, based on the following questions:

- Do you ever hear about "gender"? In which context/situation?
- What do you understand the difference between "sex" and "gender" is?
- Do you consider important to think and discuss issues concerning "gender"?

After the discussion in a large group, is important to introduce and clarify the concept of "gender identity" (**Worksheet 1**).

1.c. One student writes down the answers of each student based on a table that is given

2. Stimulus.

The facilitator shares with the students the story of the first Greek woman painter, Eleni Boukoura-Altamura, who in 1830 dressed up like a man to be able to study in an art school where women were not accepted.

Her story is written by Rea Galanaki, a contempory writer, in her novel, "Eleni or nobody".

3. Discussion - reaction to the stimulus

- 1. Challenge students to think and share some ideas and their perspective about the story of the painter, following a set of questions (**Worksheet 2.1**).
- Challenge students to think and share some ideas and their perspective about the images of men and women in different times and roles, following a set of questions (Worksheet 2.2).

Note: Images can be used as a warm up, as well.

BINARY OPPOSITIONS to be explored

Binary opposition 1: Does the biological sex we born with, defines us as persons? Does it define the roles we have in family and community? Do we have to accept the ideas and conceptions about gender even they limit our possibilities, our dreams, our perspectives?

The students discuss the main concepts and try to challenge their ideas and figure out the real meaning for them as individuals.

The teacher provides some more questions to define more the main concepts and develop critical thinking. (Worksheet 3)

3. Using Theatre techniques

students hear eac	ge room or yard with enough space for the students to move around. As the ch sentence (Worksheet 4), they move in space taking positions of: "I agree", "I be but", "I have no idea".		
Afterwards they o	comment and reflect on the phrases and the positions they took.		
<mark>Note:</mark> this activit	y can be applied as a warm up too.		
3.2.: Using theat	re techniques		
in 19 th ce	ner divides the class into 4 groups. Group A: If I was a traditional woman/man ntury, Group B: If I was a feminist in 19 th century, Group C: If I would be a gender erson in 22 nd century, Group D: If I would be a backward in 22 nd century.		
-	up, using theatrical techniques will present the binary oppositions, based on tions previously prepared, through portraits, and speak from their point of		
- The grou	ps will prepare different scenes with monologues or dialogues		
	es should include arguments, feelings, thoughts, fears, solution. Is important to s and boys in monologues.		
Debriefing: They	discuss about how they felt, why they did and said this and that etc.		
4.Dialectical Disc	ussion		
4a. Dialectical dis	cussion to explore		
- The teacher guides a discussion based on questions fostering the development of critical thinking skills (Worksheet 5).			
4b. Personalizatio	on		
	ner tries to make the whole topic and discussion personal to mobilize students orksheet 6).		
5. Action	n plan		
How c	an we overcome the gender stereotypes and obligations?		
feel st	as about what students can do to challenge gender stereotypes or in cases they cressed with gender roles and relationships, and where apply to, such as books, tes, consulting centres or organisations for teenagers.		
	2.2 Worksheets & Resources		
- Worksh	eet 1: Definition of sex and gender		
	eet 2: Text and images as a stimulus		
	eet 3: Questions to explore in small groups eet 4: What is my position?		
	eet 5: Questions for Dialectical Discussion		

- Worksheet 6: Questions for Personalisation
2.3 Infrastructure & Materials needed
Board
 Paper and pen Large room
2.4 Versions-adaptations
2.5 Challenges
- The teacher must be very concerned when in a multicultural class. Some students may
feel embarrassed to discuss issues about sex, sexual identity, even gender roles.
 Teacher must be aware of the differences and try to make space for everybody.
2.6. Further reading
2.7.
 Sexual identity: <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sexual_identity</u>
• General Secretariat for Gender Equality: <u>http://www.isotita.gr/en/home</u>
Scherarsecretariation Schuch Equality. <u>http://www.sotta.g/jen/home</u>
Education, sexual orientation and gender identity: https://rainbowschool.gr/
4. Evaluation of the educational scenario
• Evaluation - At the end of the scenario, teacher will ask students to write down
about:
a) What they felt about the activity
b) the challenges of the activity
c) what they learn with the activity
Lessons learned – conclusions

Worksheet 1 Definition of "Sex" and "Gender"

Sex:

the state of being either male or female, or all males or all females considered as a group; gender:

[C] List the name, age, and sex of each of your children.

[U] Employment discrimination on the basis of sex is illegal.

Gender:

Noun 1.either of the two sexes (male and female), especially when considered with reference to social and cultural differences rather than biological ones. The term is also used more broadly to denote a range of identities that do not correspond to established ideas of male and female.

"a condition that affects people of both genders"

2.GRAMMAR (in languages such as Latin, French, and German) each of the classes (typically masculine, feminine, common, neuter) of nouns and pronouns distinguished by the different inflections which they have and which they require in words syntactically associated with them. Grammatical gender is only very loosely associated with natural distinctions of sex.

Worksheet 2 Rea's Galanaki, "Eleni or nobody" Images to comment

Text: http://ebooks.edu.gr/modules/ebook/show.php/DSGYM-C113/351/2369,9046/ About Eleni Boukoura-Altamura- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eleni_Boukoura-Altamoura 2.1: Questions on the text:

- Which was women's position in the society of 19th century?
- What kind of studies or professions were allowed to women that time?
- How women and men dressed up that time?
- What do you think about women's position today?
- 2.2: Questions on images:









After sharing the images, challenge students to share their ideas about it:

- 1. What is the focus of the images?
- 2. What do you think about the images?
- 3. What did the images make you feel?

Tips for the teacher:

- During the brainstorming activity, write down the main ideas in the board.
- Ask one of the students to write down in a notebook the ideas shared by students.
- Is important to guarantee that all students share, at least, one idea or opinion.
- At the end of the activity, highlight the main conclusions of it.

Worksheet 3

Discussion

- 1. In your opinion, what is the definition of sex/gender? Why?
- 2. What do you think about the traditional roles of men and women?
- 3. Have you heard the term "sexism"? What do you think about it?
- 4. What do you think about the inequality of gender? Do you think gender gaps in family, work and education still exist today?
- 5. Do you think a teenager could choose any expression(s) of gender identity without pressure and limitations today?
- 6. What do you know if there are other forms of gender? What do you think about it?

Worksheet 4

What is my position on these phrases?

• Dolls are only for girls

- Boys don't cry
- Boys don't wear skirts
- A girl cannot be the boss
- Only boys play football
- Girls are weak, boys are strong
- •Girls help their mothers. Boys help their fathers
- It's better to be a girl than a boy
- When soothing is wrong, boys are blame first of all
- Boys can say 'dirty' words, girls not
- Girls are smarter than boys
- It's ok if boys fight with each other but not girls
- Boys are more lazy than girls
- Girls are better than boys to say lies.

Worksheet 5

Questions for Dialectical Discussion

- Define the main concept: what do you think is...?
- Where this concept / phenomenon / term is present, in your opinion, in which level, (societal) place, location, and field? How much extended is in the community and the society?
- In which form / kind is it present?
- What are its consequences at a personal, local, national, societal level?
- Is there any extreme form of this problem?
- What kind of solutions can you propose? Short-term, mid-term, long-term solutions?
- Are there many solutions? Are there any permanent solutions?

• might (Do you believe that by making the problem public or sharing it with someone contribute to its solution or not? Why and How?
•	What evidence can you present for/against?
•	How does contrast with?
• examp	How could you outline or concept map? Explain your response with les.
•	Why is significant? Explain your reasoning.
•	What are the advantages and disadvantages of?
•	What is the point or 'big idea' of?
•	How could you judge the accuracy of?
•	What are the differences between and?
•	How is related to?
•	Describe from the perspective of
•	What do you think about? Explain your reasoning.
•	When might be most useful and why?
•	How could you create or design a new? Explain your thinking.
• effectiv	What solutions could you suggest the problem of? Which might be most ve and why?
•	What might happen if you combined and?
•	Do you agree that? Why or why not?

•	What information would you need to make a decision about?
•	How could you prioritize?
•	How is an example of?
•	What are the most important parts or features of?
•	Which details of are most important and why?
•	What patterns do you notice in?
•	How could you classify into a more/less general category?
•	What makes important?
•	What criteria could you use to assess?
• togethe	How could and function together? How do they work separately and er and different ways?
•	Where is most/least? Explain your reasoning.

Worksheet 6

Questions for Personalisation

- When have I found myself in a position when someone asked my to behave just as my gender directs?
- What did I do?
- How do I feel about this?
- Why do I feel like this?
- How do I feel now, after this discussion?
- What do I think is gender and sex now, after this discussion?
- Can I create a personal Action Plan on this topic? (Learning, being active, sharing etc.)